# SAMPLE SOP STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES FOODS EXPOSED TO REFRIGERATION FAILURES

- I. <u>PURPOSE</u>: The purpose and scope of this Standard Operation Procedure (SOP) is to establish procedural guidelines for making disposition decisions concerning foods exposed to refrigeration failures.
- II. <u>REFERENCES</u>: Guide to the Salvage of Chilled/Frozen Foods Exposed to Refrigeration Failure which will be referred to as *The Guide*.

#### III. RESPONSIBILITIES:

- A. District supervisors
  - 1. Insure all equipment/tools required in The Guide are available at each commissary.
  - 2. Provide training to all quality assurance personnel on the use of The Guide.
  - 3. Monitor facility stores to evaluate the capabilities of inspectors within that District to make sound judgements in situations of refrigeration failures.
- B. Quality Assurance Personnel
  - 1. Review The Guide to be familiar with the concept and procedures.
  - 2. Be able to identify SAFE and RISK foods.
  - 3. Ensure equipment/tools are in serviceable condition.

#### IV. PROCEDURES:

- A. The inspector will immediately notify his/her District Supervisor of the refrigeration failure. If the immediate Supervisor cannot be contacted, begin the next step.
- B. The inspector will estimate the time the refrigeration failure began. Note the total time on the Refrigeration Failure Form.
- C. Classify the temperature stressed food items (see Table 1 and Figure 2). If possible, request help from the commissary to help separate SAFE from RISK foods. Insure all SAFE foods are placed

into a refrigerated area. Always begin with the foods that are still on display. Foods that have been moved into a functional cooler/freezer will be inspected last, the time of exposure will be estimated with the ending time being the time they were moved into the cooler /freezer. Spacing of the packages is important, if not spaced properly (i.e. simply dumped into a grocery cart) the ending time will be the time of inspection. Make a notation on the Refrigeration Failure Form concerning the RISK level assigned.

- D. Form lots or sublots in order to expedite the inspection. Determine the product temperature (see Figure 1). Record the temperature on the Refrigeration Failure Form.
- E. Go to Table 2 and determine if the time-temperature limit has been exceeded. Note it on the Refrigeration Failure Form.
- F. Make disposition decision and note the decision on the Refrigeration Failure Form.
- G. Provide a copy of the inspection report to the accountable officer and to your supervisor.
- H. Insure all temperature stressed resale products are identified and handled in accordance to The Guide.

#### V. EQUIPMENT:

- A. The following tools are needed for deciding what foods are salvageable:
  - 1. SOP
  - 2. Pen/Pencil
  - 3. Alcohol pads
  - 4. Paper towels
  - 5. Timepiece
  - 6. Four calibrated thermometers with an accuracy of  $+ 1^{\circ}C$
- VI. It is strongly advised that the SOP include Tables 1 and 2 and Figure 2 (reduced to fit onto a single page) as an aid.

## SAMPLE SOP

## SAMPLE

## REFRIGERATION FAILURE FORM

LOCATION:				
DATE AND TIME OF REFRIGERATION FAILURE (START)				
DATE AND	TIME OF INSPECTI	ON		
TYPE OF R	REFRIGERATION FAI	LUREME	CHANICAL _	POWER
FOOD ITEM	TIME EXPOSED TO REFER FAIL	CLASSIFICATION	TEMPERATURE	DISPOSITION *Remember Exceptions